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APPLICATION NO.	FII	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/513,029	0	2/25/2000	Connie Blackburn	LUCENT-00401 7684		
28960	7590	07/14/2005		EXAMINER		
HAVERST		WENS LLP	ANWAH, OLISA			
SUNNYVAI				ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 2645		

DATE MAILED: 07/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

· •	Application No.	Applicant(s)						
Advisory Action	09/513,029	BLACKBURN ET AL.						
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit						
	Olisa Anwah	2645						
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address								
THE REPLY FILED <u>24 June 2005</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.								
The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:								
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing date of the final rejection. b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.								
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).								
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
NOTICE OF APPEAL  2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).  AMENDMENTS								
The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because  (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);  (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);  (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for								
appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a))		jected claims.						
The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).  Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):								
<ol> <li>Dewly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a the non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ol>	-	, timely filed amendm	ent canceling					
7.  For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is proof the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:  Claim(s) allowed:  Claim(s) objected to:		ill be entered and an	explanation of					
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-14</u> . Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: <u>15</u> .  AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE								
B. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will <u>not</u> be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).								
2. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).								
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached.  REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER								
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:								
12. ☐ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 13. ☑ Other: <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> .								
	FAN TSANG PERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600	Olisa Anwah Patent Examiner 6/30/5	·					

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 4-05) Advisory Action Before the Eiling of an Appeal Brief

Part of Paper No. 20050630

Continuation of 13. Other: Claim 15 raises new issues because it was not recited previously in the pending claims. For this reason a new search is required.

In response to applicant's argument that the combination of Salimando and Tessler is not feasible, the test for obviousness is not whether the features of a secondary reference may be bodily incorporated into the structure of the primary reference; nor is it that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all of the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981).

Applicant alleges Finnigan does not teach audibly delivering the voice message, where the voice message is pre-recorded by the calling party. Examiner respectfully disagrees. Finnigan discloses a voice message recipient network (see abstract), hence the message recorded by the originator to the voice message recipient reads on the claimed voice message. Furthermore, Applicant suprisingly contends that Finnigan does not teach audibly delivering the voice message to the call recipient subsequent to audibly playing the audible name to the calling party. Yet, similar to page 7 of Applicant's disclosure, Finnigan explicitly states that virtually all voice message systems return a recipient's voice signature (audible name) to an originator (calling party) to prevent inadvertently sending a voice message to an incorrect recipient (column 2). Therefore Finnigan teaches the claimed limitation of audibly deliverying the voice message to the call recipient subsequent to audibly playing the audible name to the calling party, as claimed. In light of the Tessler, Salimando and Finnigan references, Examiner cannot allow the claims as presently claimed.